

WEEKLY GRAPHIC

KIRKSVILLE, MO.
T. E. Sablata, Proprietor
FRIDAY JUNE 10,

Seven new railroads were chartered in Kansas the first day of June.

The syndicates have cornered coffee. The consumers can now corner the syndicates by ceasing to consume.

With bountiful crops and a thorough investigation of county affairs all over the state, Missouri will have an era of unprecedented prosperity.

The "Home Press" has been enlarged to eight pages and presents other evidences of increasing prosperity. It is now one of the neatest publications in the country.

The city council of Omaha, Neb., has passed an ordinance forbidding swearing on the streets, and the editor of the Omaha World has threatened to leave the city unless the council suspend the ordinance until he sells his bulky horse.

The "Quincy Journal" of last Saturday was double the usual size. It contained a complete write-up of Quincy's business interests, and forty cuts of her representative business men. The editorial and mechanical work of the paper reflect great credit, not only on the Journal, itself, but on the entire city of Quincy.

The increase in the price of coffee is probably due more to the manipulations of gambling syndicates than the shortness of the crop in Brazil. If the people of the United States were to stop drinking coffee for three months the syndicates would have to let go their grip, and the price of coffee would drop more rapidly than it has gone up.

In the general rejoicing over the present and future prospects of Missouri, it should not be forgotten that Judge Henry and Auditor Walker recently engaged in a street fight at Jefferson City. If Walker's party is afraid to prosecute him for fraud he should at least be prosecuted for carrying concealed weapons. If Henry did right in knocking Walker down, he should have the benefit of a jury's acquittal.

Science published on May 27th the second of its valuable monthly maps of regions of current interest. The map just published is one on Central Africa, and is the latest and best map of that region yet printed. It embodies the known results of all explorations up to date, and is of special interest as furnishing a trustworthy guide to those who are interested in tracing the course of Henry M. Stanley in his expedition for the rescue of Emin Bey. The map is handsomely printed in colors by the lithographic process.

As an evidence of the rapid development of mechanical and manufacturing industry in the South it is announced that contracts amounting to \$1,000,000 for machinery and mill appliances were made recently by the Cottonseed Oil Company. The factories will be erected in eight cities in the South, and as soon as these shall have been completed eight more will be started. The production of cottonseed is estimated at 6,000,000 tons, and the projectors of these works contemplate the working up of all this supply of seed, providing markets can be found for the product.

The C. B. & Q. railroad company have concluded to reduce their rates between St. Louis, Council Bluffs and Omaha. When the inter-state law went into effect this road, being the long route to Council Bluffs and Omaha, rather than sacrifice its local points under the new regulation, raised its rate to the former places about 15 per cent. After two months trial it found this business of too much consequence to lose. The return to the old rates will necessitate a slaughter of the local rates all along the line. This is believed to be the first step in turning the tide of inter-state regulation in favor of the shipper, and intermediate points may find that the long and short haul is a very good thing after all.

IRREGULARITIES.

At the May term of Circuit Court the Circuit Judge, Davis, ordered the Grand Jury to appoint a committee to investigate the books and records of the officials of Livingston county. Last week the committee handed in a report of their partial investigation. This report shows that the Sheriff and County and Circuit clerks have been guilty of irregularities in making returns and reports as required by law, and considerable money is unaccounted for. As we stated last November, while the law is on the statute book it should be enforced to the letter. The county officials are paid large salaries for their services, and the law positively states that every dollar that comes into their hands shall be accounted for. Yet the recovery of the money should not be the only consideration; open violation of the law by those who are the custodians of the law, and have its administration in their hands should be looked after. If men occupying official positions openly violate the law, what is to be expected of those in the lower walks of life? Whether the method of investigation instituted by Livingston county is the proper one, each county must decide for itself; but it is evident that some sort of investigation should be begun in every county in the state. To show what is contemplated we quote from the constitution of the State:

ARTICLE IX, SECTION 13.—Every executive or ministerial officer of the county, shall make return quarterly, to the county court of all fees by him received, and of the salaries by him actually paid to his deputies or assistants, stating the same in detail and verifying the same by his affidavit, and for any statement or omission in such return, contrary to truth, such officer shall be liable to the penalties of willful and corrupt perjury.

BLAMING THE PRESIDENT.

The New York Sun has the following editorial condemning the policy of the administration, especially of the treasury department: A year ago the rate of interest in this market for money on call was 2 per cent. it is now 5 per cent. A year ago the surplus reserve in the banks was \$13,801,175, last Saturday it was \$4,657,200. A year ago the gold and legal tender balance in the United States Treasury were together \$181,054,345, today they are \$204,758,861, and increasing at the rate of \$2,000,000 per week. Last year money was not in active demand until after August 1; this year it has been active since March 1. In the face of these facts it is no wonder that the mercantile community is beginning to be anxious about the condition of the money market, and to apprehend a severe stringency soon as the movement of this year's crop begins. The call of the remaining 3 per cents which mature July 1, will release at that date about \$20,000,000 of the money now locked up in the treasury and Secretary Fairchild gives no intimation of what he intends to do hereafter. He may anticipate the payment of interest on the public debt, he may purchase bonds in the open market, or he may allow all the receipts of public money, except for customs, to remain on deposit in banks. In any or all of these ways he has full power to relieve the approaching stringency, but would he do so is a conundrum nobody can guess. Meanwhile the responsibility for any financial trouble rests upon the president. He can order the secretary to do what is needed to prevent it whenever he pleases.

AN EMPIRE IN ITSELF.

"Missouri is a grand state, an empire within itself. It could be walled in and be absolutely self-sustaining. It has coal, lead, iron, zinc, clays and cotton, and a soil as productive as any in the known world, everything upon which the wealth of nations is based, and yet immigration passes through all this aggregation of unparalleled and inexhaustible resources in one unbending, uninterrupted stream into Kansas, poor in everything that lies beneath the surface. What a mistake! Another generation must come and the old one pass away before the enterprise of the world will be made to see the possibilities of that wonderful state.

—Wichita, (Kans.) Eagle.

Tariff Essay Prizes.

The American Protective Tariff League has been highly successful in its effort to direct the attention of college students to the advantages of a protective policy to the labor and industries of the United States. Essays in competition for the League prizes, have been received from colleges in over half the States in the Union. This response evidences the fact that the young men of our colleges have not confined their studies and observations to the theoretical economy to which a majority of professors are devoted. An interesting fact in this connection is that many of these essays are from colleges in which free trade theories have been most persistent taught.

In addition to the \$400 offered for prizes, the League has prepared a handsome silver medal of original design, as a discretionary award for such especially meritorious essays as fail to secure cash prizes.

The judges, Ex-Gov. Henry M. Hoyt, of Pennsylvania, Hon. Geo. H. Ely of Ohio, Prof. Van Buren Denslow, of New York, Messrs. Robert P. Porter, of Washington, and A. M. Garland, of Illinois, are to render their decision June 15th of which due announcement will be made.

NORMAL NOTES.

Examinations are the order of the day for this week. They will be finished on Friday.

The Philomatheans will give their annual entertainment in the Normal Chapel, on Friday evening the 10th. The best talent of the Society has been put upon the program, and the public may expect something very fine. Tickets on sale at Normal Book Store.

The Elocutionary entertainment given by Miss Owen's class at the Opera House, last Friday night was well attended, notwithstanding the stormy evening. As usual, the exercises delivered by the participants, were excellent and quite a contrast to the entertainment given a week or two before, by other parties, in which there was a general lack of propriety, fitness and talent.

Arthur Willard has received the appointment to Annapolis, having passed a most satisfactory examination upon the various required branches. Arthur is a talented young man, and goes to fulfill the predictions that, the leading minds of the future will be found in our Navy, where master minds are so much needed, especially at the present time.

Prof. D. A. McMillan, Supt. of the Mexico Public Schools, paid Pres. Blanton and the Normal a short visit last week. Prof. M. is a most pleasant and cultured gentleman and makes hosts of friends wherever he goes. Having taken Prof. Blanton's place at Mexico, he has kept the City Schools there in first-class shape and improved them.

The Senior and Zetosophian Societies gave a joint program in the Normal Chapel, last Friday afternoon. A large audience had assembled and the exercises were very good, all seeming well pleased.

The Senior Literary Society will give a banquet on Saturday evening of this week. Only members of the Society to be invited.

C. M. Kiggins, a graduate of the Advanced Course of '86, is in town soliciting agents for the Riverside Publishing House, of St. Louis. He has been quite successful, having secured the services of several young men.

B. F. Carroll and wife, both graduates of the Normal paid us a flying visit last week. Prof. Carroll taught a most successful school at Jamesport, Davies Co., the past year.

Several of the young gentlemen and ladies have secured positions for the coming year, but there are many candidates remaining who are waiting for opportunities to put in applications.

CLOSING EXERCISES.

Of The State Normal School, Kirksville, Missouri.

Friday June 10th 8:30 p. m.—Annual Celebration of the Philomathean Literary Society.

Sunday, June 12th, 11:30 a. m.—Benedictine Service by Rev. W. H. Black, St. Louis.

Monday, June 13th, 8:30 p. m.—Oratorical Contest for the Regent's Medal.

Tuesday, June 14th 8:30 p. m.—Declaratory Contest for the W. T. Baird Medal.

Wednesday, June 15th, 9:30 a. m.—Orations and Essays by Representatives of the Elementary Graduating Class, and Presentation of Certificates.

Wednesday, June 15th, 8:30 p. m.—Annual Address by Dr. S. H. Sonnenschein, Officiating Rabbi, Temple Israel, St. Louis, Mo.

Wednesday, June 15th, 9:30 p. m.—Annual Banquet, Parcels House.

Thursday, June 16th, 9:30 a. m.—Commencement Exercises.

Thursday, June 16th 8:30 p. m.—Annual Reunion.

Up and Down the Chariton.

Plenty of rain. The back-bone of the drouth is broken.

The best rain of the season fell last Friday night.

Most of the crops are sure to be bountiful and the farmers are happy.

Mr. Edward W. Myher has the best prospect for corn that we have seen, and Mr. George Young the finest wheat prospect.

We understand that Mr. Charley Harris expects to supply his patrons with water melons again this season as he has planted about four acres. All right Charley we will endeavor to be there.

Considerable fishing is being done along the Chariton, but we have heard of no very large hauls as yet.

Some thefts have been committed up and down the river recently, but none of the perpetrators have yet been captured. Such work should be vetoed immediately.

Fruits of all kinds will be scarce in this community.

The new bridge across Big creek at Sloan's Point is finished. It is a good bridge.

Mr. Gideon Amick recently hauled a load of 31 ties to Novinger. The largest load of ties we have yet seen on a common wagon drawn by two horses. Who has beaten it?

Mr. Jacob Sholt is building a nice two story front to his residence near Novinger.

Mr. W. E. Bliven is making extensive improvements on his barn. There was a basket meeting at New Baden springs last Sunday conducted by Rev. S. Rozell and C. M. C. Thompson, of Kirksville. A splendid meeting and a large crowd were reported.

Mr. John Berry, of Kirksville, was visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Mr. Geo. Height and wife from south of town were visiting his father-in-law, Mr. Jacob Shafter, of this vicinity last week.

Rev. Peaty, accompanied by Mr. Williams, both of LaPlata, preached at the Pleasant Ridge school house on the 29th ult. He is a young man just starting in the ministry and gives promise of a brilliant career. They are both gentlemen of culture and they leave a good impression in the neighborhood.

Mr. David Williams of LaPlata, was seen sporting his best girl in this vicinity last Saturday and Sunday.

Mr. Ira Collet leaves the first of this week to visit a friend in northern Illinois and he thinks that he will take in Chicago on his trip. May please attend him on his journey.

The Troy Mills Literary Society held its first annual picnic in the grove at Sloan's Point last Saturday. They were assisted in their program by the Llewellyn and Sloan's Point societies.

There was a debate at the Salisbury school house on Saturday night the 28th, ult. The question was, "Resolved that Columbus deserved more honor for discovering America than Washington for defending it." The Washingtonians got the decision. Next Saturday night they will discuss the question, "Resolved: That secret societies should be discouraged."

J. O. T.

Decoration Day at Walnut.

A few of the old veterans and a goodly number of sons and daughters, mothers and widows of veterans met at 4 p. m., at the Bell school house to pay tribute to our honored comrades that are buried near this place. W. M. Broyles called the house to order and was appointed chairman; comrade J. M. Shearer, was appointed chaplain. After singing, "What a Friend we have in Jesus," and prayer by the Chaplain, we had a short introductory speech by W. M. Broyles and a short memorial address by J. M. Shearer; a procession was then formed, with W. M. Broyles, commander; Robt. Griffin of Schuyler county, flag bearer and J. H. Ashlock supporter, the old veterans marching in front followed by Faith Lodge No. 307, I. O. G. T., a full regalia, the children bringing up the rear. Mothers and widows of veterans who were too feeble to stand, the fatigue of half a mile march were brought up in wagons. Arriving at the cemetery a circle was formed. After singing an appropriate hymn, and prayer by W. M. Broyles, the procession filed around each grave depositing flowers and wreaths over the sacred dead; coming to Capt. Rogers' grave the procession encircled it coming to a halt. The color bearer placed the old star-spangled banner, which he had so bravely defended upon his grave. He being a minister of the gospel two verses of his favorite hymn, "I Saw a Way Worn Traveler," were sung. After prayer by the chaplain the crowd dispersed. Besides the veterans, others sleeping beneath the green grass were not forgotten by their friends and loved ones and their graves too were made beautiful with the fragrant flowers. J. M. S.

The cream gathered in the vicinity of LaBelle is shipped to the Quincy Creamery. A pushing progressive town like LaBelle should have a Creamery of its own.

MARKETS AND CROPS.

Weekly Summary of Crop Prospects and Weather Statistics.

CHICAGO, ILL., June 5.—The crop summary for the week just closed shows that continued rains throughout many portions of the west have wrought a general improvement in the crop conditions, especially in the spring crops and in meadows and pastures. Harvest has already commenced in the Southern winter wheat sections and this crop is nearly past all danger. Reports on its conditions are as follows: Eighteen counties in Illinois report an average condition of 87 per cent; ten counties report injury from drouth and insects. Seventeen counties in Indiana report an average condition of 85 per cent; five counties report injury by insects. Fifteen counties in Ohio report an average condition of 76 per cent, and some damages by insects. Nine Michigan counties report an average condition of 87 per cent, with injury from drouth, but none from insects. Seventeen Missouri counties give an average condition of 96 per cent, and ten counties in Kentucky report an average condition of 87 per cent, Kansas falls away behind, nine counties giving only an average condition of 58 per cent. Elk county reports "all plowed up," Lincoln, "total failure, and Phillips, "very poor." There is a very general complaint of injury by insects. Four Iowa counties report an average condition of 67 per cent, and ten counties in Wisconsin give the average conditions at 76 per cent. The condition of spring wheat is reported as follows: Nine counties in Wisconsin place the condition at 60 per cent, with some complaint of injury by drouth and insects. In eight counties in Minnesota the condition is 88 per cent. In eleven counties in Dakota it is 99 per cent. In twelve in Nebraska it is 87, and in fourteen in Iowa it is 93 per cent. The corn states report an average and conditions above the average, with few exceptions. Oats show an average acreage and condition. Meadows and pastures are as a rule reported short from lack of rain earlier in the season, but are now on the gain. Potatoes and fruit promise fair crops as a rule.

Weather Crop Bulletin.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 5.—The weather crop bulletin issued by the Signal Office shows the following conditions for the week ending June 4, 1887:

Temperature.—During the week the weather has been cooler than the average for the week in all agricultural districts east of the Rocky Mountains. In the Ohio and Lower Missouri Valleys, Tennessee, Kentucky, Virginia and North Carolina and the east portion of New England, the deficiency of temperature for the week ranged from 52° to 50° or a daily average of about 5° cooler than usual. The temperature was slightly in excess of the normal in Oregon and Northern California, while in Central and Southern California it was about the average. The temperature for the season, from January 1 to June 4, 1887, differs but slightly from the normal temperature in the Northern States and in the Southern States bordering on the Atlantic coast, while the average daily excess in the cotton region ranges from 1° to 2°.

Rainfall.—During the week the rainfall has been generally in excess in the States east of the Mississippi River and in Louisiana, Eastern Texas, Southern Missouri and Eastern Kansas. Slight deficiencies of rainfall for the week are reported in the Upper Mississippi Valley, Minnesota, Iowa, Dakota and Nebraska; but numerous and well distributed showers occurred throughout the grain regions of the Northwest, which appear to have affected the crop in those sections favorably. The cotton region has been favored during the week by an excess of rainfall, ranging from 1 to 2 inches in Northern Louisiana, Mississippi, Northern Alabama, North and South Carolina and Georgia. Although there is a large seasonal deficiency of precipitation in these States, these recent rains appear to have been very beneficial to the growing crops, owing to their timely occurrence and favorable distribution. The weather during the week has apparently proved favorable for the growing crops. The needed rains have occurred throughout the wheat and corn regions, excepting in portions of Illinois, Missouri and Iowa, where light showers have occurred, and telegraphic reports received this morning, Sunday, June 5, 1887, show that showers have occurred during the past eight hours, and are likely to continue during the next forty-eight hours in the States above named. The general rains and cool weather in the hay and tobacco regions in States on the Atlantic coast and the Ohio Valley are reported favorable for those crops. The weather was apparently favorable for all growing crops throughout the South, although reports from sections of Tennessee and Mississippi show the crops were injured by hail in some sections of those States.

FAMOUS LITTLE SPEECH

"WE BEAT THE WORLD ON SHOES."

We have Just Received our Summer Stock \$5000 Worth, bought at prices away down.

THEY MUST BE SOLD IN NEXT 30 DAYS.

25 Styles Ladies' Shoes, 25 Styles Mens' Shoes, 12 Styles Boys' Shoes and 18 Styles Childrens' Shoes.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF SLIPPERS FOR MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

CLOTHING AND DRY GOODS STOCKS Full, Complete, Cheap and going at Panic Prices.

COME AND SEE, COME AND BUY!

FAMOUS BARGAIN STORE, PICKLER & BENNETT, MANAGERS.

I AM PREPARED TO SELL GOODS LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE IN TOWN ALL LINES OF

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes Hats and Caps,

Will be sold as low as any reasonable person can ask. I make a Specialty of LADIES' SHOES and KID GLOVES. Call on me. EAST SIDE

Geo. R. Brewington

POULTRY WANTED



For which I will pay the following prices

IN CASH

Common Hens	\$2.00 per doz.
Large Hens	2.25 per doz.
Roosters	1.25 per doz.
Geese, full feathered	3.00 per doz.
Ducks	1.50 per doz.
Turkeys	5 cents per lb.
Young Chickens	8 " " "

To be delivered at the store of MONTGOMERY & BELLBY, Kirksville Mo., Friday, Saturday and Monday, June 10th, 11th and 13th. C. W. WOMAN.

School Reports.

Second monthly report of Bryant School, beginning May 2nd and ending May 27th. Number of pupils enrolled during the month 83; whole number of days attendance by all pupils during the month 451; average number of pupils attending each day during the month 23; average number of days attended by each pupil during the month 14; number of days taught 20; names of those not missing a day during the month are Flora and Minnie Kimble, Fannie Logston, Cora Vannice, Charley Britt, Guy and Albert Perry, Clayton and Mary McCoy. Names of those not tardy during the month are Lula, Jennie and Pearl Bown, Guy and Albert Perry, Vinnie and Willy Conley, George and Dora Cumming, Meads Geanings, Flora, Rosa Mary, Willie and Stephen Horton, Lillie, Flora and Minnie Kimble, Fannie Logston, Mirtie Marquess, Mary Clayton, Pearl McCoy, Salona and Georgie Reiger, Ida Samuels, Rosa and Cora Vannice, Charley Britt. Visitors during the month were Mr. James Reiger, Miss Alice Bown, Mr. James McCoy, Miss Decca Ely, Mr. Charley McCoy, Miss Mira Conner, Miss Lucy Hall, Miss Sarah Reiger and Miss Martha Fitzgerald. It encourages both teacher and pupils to have visitors come. "Call again." M. A. BOWLES, teacher.

KIRKSVILLE MARKETS.

EGGS—8c per doz
BUTTER—10c to 12
OLD HENS—4c per lb.
FEATHERS—35c
OATS—22 to 25
HAY—\$5.00 to 7.50
HOGS—3.50 to 4.00
COWS & HEIFERS—Fat 2½ to 2¾
BEESWAX—18c
TALLOW—24 to 3c
LARD—6 to 7c
HORSES—\$80 to \$140
DRY COWS—14 to 2
CORN—35c to 40
WHEAT—60c
RYE—35c
POTATOES—75
MILK COWS & CALVES—\$20 to \$30
ROOSTERS—\$1.20 per doz
STEERS—Common 2 to 2½; good light 2½ to 3.00; good heavy 3½ to 4.00
SHEEP—\$1.50 to \$2.50
HIDES—green 24 to 6, dry, 8 to 10
TIMOTHY SEED—\$1.50 to 2.00
ONIONS—1.25 per bushel
BRAN—65, 75c per hund.
SHORTS—90c per hund.
MIXED FEED—80c per hund d.

ORDER PUBLICATION.

Term time April term 1887, April 14th, 1887. James Wait Public Administrator of Adair county, Mo., having in charge the estate of William Price deceased, vs. Harvey L. Clifton, Joshua A. Gray and Abram McCallister. Now comes the plaintiff and by Attorney and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, that the defendant, Joshua A. Gray, cannot be summoned in this action, it is ordered by the court that an action has been commenced against him by petition in the circuit court of Adair county in the state of Missouri founded upon a certain mortgage deed given by the defendant Harvey L. Clifton to plaintiff William Price dated 12th Oct., 1870, securing a note of five hundred dollars to be paid on or before 1st day of September 1872, and praying for judgment and foreclosure of said mortgage deed. Also praying that a certain deed of trust dated Jan., 1875, given by defendant Clifton to defendant Gray, as trustee to secure the payment of two certain promissory notes, one for \$500 due two years after date, the other for \$500 due 22 months after date, be set aside and that Abraham McGuire, be declared a second deed of trust and second lien and subject to said first mortgage on the lands described in said mortgage and deed of trust as N 1-2 E 34 Sec. 20, T. 33, R. 12 E. 2, West, and that said notes be and appear at the next term of this court to be held in the state of Missouri at the county of Adair, on the 2nd Monday of October A. D. 1887, and on or before the third day thereof (if the term shall so long continue and if not then before the end of the term) the petition will be taken as confessed and judgment rendered accordingly. It is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in the Weekly Graphic, a newspaper published in said county of Adair, for four consecutive weeks before the commencement of this court. A true copy. Attest J. B. DOLSON, Clerk.

An Indiana farmer who told his boys to burn every bumble bee nest they found on the farm, and was complaining the failure of his clover crop, was surprised when Maurice Thompson, the naturalist, said: "That is why your clover seed fails you. Bumble bees make your clover seed." It is a fact that a strong nest of bumble bees in a clover field is worth \$20 to the owner, for these insects are the chief agents in fertilizing the blossoms, thereby insuring a heavy crop of seed. In Australia there are no bumble bees of our kind, and they could not raise clover seed there until they imported some.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castor.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castor.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castor.
When she had Children, she gave them Castor.

Dyspepsia is the bane

of the present generation. It is for its cure and its attendant, Sick Headache, Constipation and Piles, that

Tutt's Pills have become so famous. They act speedily and gently on the digestive organs, giving them tone and vigor, assimilating food, and purging the system.

Sold Everywhere.

Office, 44 Murray St., New York.